

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

### World History Study Guide Part One

#### Possible Short Answer Questions:

1. On what date did the Japanese attack Pearl Harbor?
2. Which U.S. President delivered the “day of infamy” speech asking for a declaration of war upon Japan?
3. Japan attacked Manchuria in 1931. Which large Asian country is Manchuria now a part of?
4. What American General was responsible for creating Military Area One to detain Japanese Americans?
5. Please give one reason why Japan decided to attack the U.S. fleet at Pearl Harbor
6. Which important island group and American Colony was attacked simultaneously with Pearl Harbor? (hint- they are named after a Spanish King)

7. Name one difference between a German concentration camp and an American Japanese Internment Camp. (many answers are acceptable here)
  
8. Which famous American flyer was also a staunch isolationist in the 1930's? (he also had a child kidnapped)
  
9. Give at least one reason for the American isolationism and reluctance to enter World War II.
  
10. What British Prime Minister Coined the phrases "the Few" and "V for Victory"?
  
11. In 1936 Hitler completed the Anschluss, uniting Germany with this country? (hint: he was born there)
  
12. Which President founded NASA in 1957?
  
13. What Cuban Bay was the scene of a U.S. back invasion attempt by exiled Cubans?
  
14. What German capital city was split into Allied and Soviet zones after World War II?
  
15. What international body was founded in 1945 to prevent future aggressive war? (its headquarters is in New York)

16. What country attacked U.S. Ships in the Gulf of Tonkin incident of 1964?
17. Who led the Cuban communist revolution of 1959?
18. What Vietnamese Holiday did the Tet Offensive of 1968 coincide with?
19. Which President diffused the Cuban Missile Crisis of 1962?
20. Which branch of the U.S. armed forces carried out the “island hopping” campaign in the Pacific, taking the islands of Tarawa and Iwo Jima along with many others?
21. Which U.S. Colonel led an air raid against Japan in early 1942 which did little damage but was of great propaganda value?
22. The United States stopped the Japanese drive eastwards by destroying a large portion of their navy in the Battle of \_\_\_\_\_ Island in 1942.
23. What famed German commander was known as the “Desert Fox” for his exploits in North Africa?
24. What was the codename for Hitler’s attack on Russia in June of 1941? (hint: it was named after a red bearded medieval German King)
25. On what date did the Russians begin to counterattack outside Moscow in 1941, marking the German Army’s high water mark in the U.S.S.R.? (many important things happened on this date)

26. What city, named after a Russian Leader, was the focus of the German advance of 1942?
27. What Russian city was subjected to a three year siege before being relieved in early 1945?
28. Name at least two countries that were signers of the Axis Pact in World War II.

#### Possible Multiple Choice Questions

1. Which U.S. President issued executive order 9066 establishing a legal basis for internment?
  - a. Teddy Roosevelt
  - b. Harry Truman
  - c. Franklin Delano Roosevelt
  - d. George Bush
  
2. How were the U.S. Aircraft Carriers stationed at Pearl Harbor able to escape destruction?
  - a. they were in dry-dock
  - b. the carriers were at sea on maneuvers
  - c. the Japanese bombs missed them
  - d. none of the above
  
3. Which of the following term(s) can be used to describe the Japanese regime during World War II?
  - a. Imperialist
  - b. expansionist
  - c. Militaristic
  - d. all of the above

4. Who was the head of state (ruler) of Imperial Japan
  - a. Emperor
  - b. King
  - c. President
  - d. Speaker of the Congress
  
5. The Japanese attack at Pearl Harbor was made mainly from \_\_\_\_\_?
  - a. Submarines
  - b. Airplanes
  - c. Infantry Invasion
  - d. None of the above
  
6. Imperial Japan was established in the 1860's, what form of government did it succeed?
  - a. Theocracy
  - b. Democracy
  - c. Shogunate
  - d. None of the Above
  
7. The "opening" of Japan by U.S. armed forces is often referred to as \_\_\_\_\_ diplomacy.
  - a. Strong Arm
  - b. Gun Boat
  - c. Friendly
  - d. Treaty

8. President Franklin Roosevelt took office in 1933, what was the name of his plan to get the U.S. out of the Great Depression?

- e. the New Republic
- f. the Roosevelt Plan
- g. the New Deal
- h. None of the above

9. The Munich Agreement of 1938 gave Nazi Germany control of this country with a German minority...

- a. Yugoslavia
- b. Greece
- c. Czechoslovakia
- d. Romania

10. What kind of attack on France did the von Schlieffen plan call for?

- a. invasion of the Mediterranean Coast
- b. attack on the Maginot Line
- c. sea blockade
- d. attack through Belgium and Northern France

11. The Battle of Britain took place mainly in the \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. land
- b. air
- c. sea
- d. all of the above

12. By what other name is Operation Market Garden often referred?

- a. A Bridge Too Far
- b. Too Many Bridges
- c. The Bridge at Remagen
- d. None of the Above

13. What U.S. General, known as “Old Blood and Guts” was responsible for freeing the American soldiers encircled during the Battle of the Bulge?

- a. Dwight Eisenhower
- b. Omar Bradley
- c. George Patton
- d. George Marshall

14. Which U.S. General was appointed head of SHAEF and made Commander in Chief of all allied forces in Europe?

- a. Dwight Eisenhower
- b. Omar Bradley
- c. George Marshall
- d. George Patton

15. On which Japanese city was the first atomic bomb dropped?

- a. Kobe
- b. Tokyo
- c. Hiroshima
- d. None of the above

16. At what battle did the British stop the German advance across North Africa?

- a. Kasserine Pass
- b. Monte Cassino
- c. El Alamein
- d. None of the Above

17. In early 1945 U.S. forces liberated Manila, capitol of what Island Group? (it was attacked the same day as Pearl Harbor)

- a. The Azores
- b. The Canaries
- c. Pitcairn Island
- d. The Philippines

18. What Russian victory of 1943 is remembered by history as the largest tank battle of all time?

- a. Gettysburg
- b. Kursk
- c. Blenheim
- d. Waterloo

19. In what part of France did the Allies land during the D-Day Invasion?

- a. Normandy
- b. Brittany
- c. Gascony
- d. None of the Above

20. Despite pleas by the Western Allies, Stalin temporarily stopped his advance in 1944, abandoning this Polish city to its fate?

- a. Lublin
- b. Warsaw
- c. Krakow
- d. None of the Above

Leaders and Lands: Please write either Axis or Allies next to each country to indicate which side it was on. Second please connect each country with its' Leader in the left hand column.

- |                                   |                    |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|
| 1. _____ United Kingdom (England) | Joseph Stalin      |
| 2. _____ Germany                  | Franklin Roosevelt |
| 3. _____ Italy                    | Emperor Hirohito   |
| 4. _____ Japan                    | Benito Mussolini   |
| 5. _____ United States            | Adolf Hitler       |
| 6. _____ Russia (U.S.S.R.)        | Winston Churchill  |

Possible Essay Questions:

1. Hitler is often referred to as a megalomaniac. What does this term mean? How does his military strategy back up this theory?
2. Many of the great German victories of World War Two were won using encirclement tactics. What does this mean? What type of troops were most useful in these battles?
3. Should the Allied powers have done more to stop the holocaust during World War II? Or were they correct to concentrate on the military situation?
4. The United States attempted to win a “war of attrition” in Vietnam. What does the term “war of attrition” mean? Did it succeed?
5. Explain the U.S. policy of Containment during the Cold War. Where did it succeed? Where did it fail?
6. Explain the mutually assured destruction theory. (MAD) Do you think this theory was an effective deterrent of nuclear war?

Extra Credit:

Name at least one American screen personality admired by Adolf Hitler?

What is the meaning of Arbeit mach frei? ( it was written on the gates of Auschwitz)

What was the last name of the Commander of the American naval squadron in the Gulf of Tonkin at the time of the Gulf of Tonkin incident?